

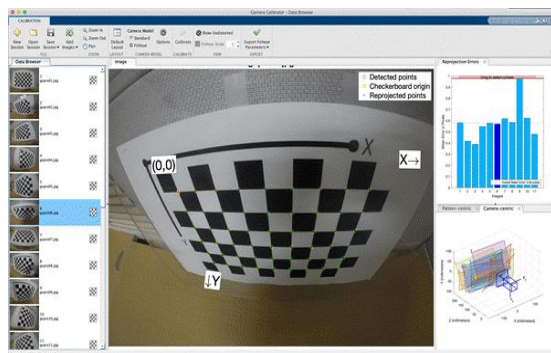
MATLAB EXPO

将图像处理算法和AI模型快速部署到CPU和FPGA

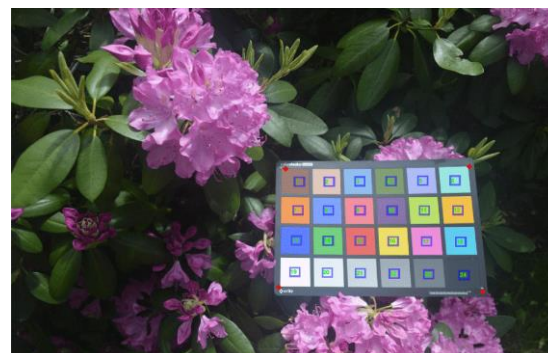
严小商 MathWorks



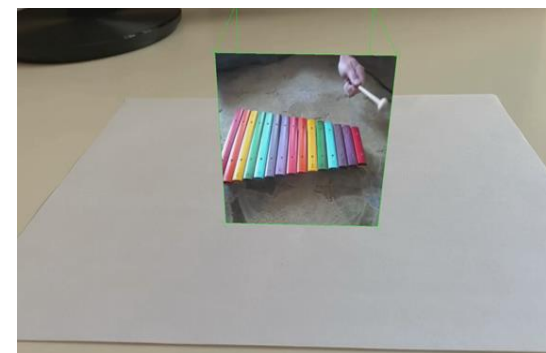
MATLAB图像处理和计算机视觉



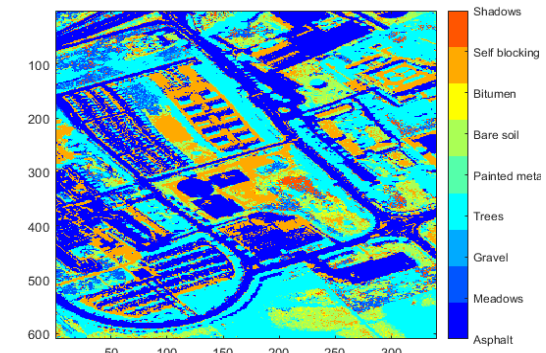
相机标定



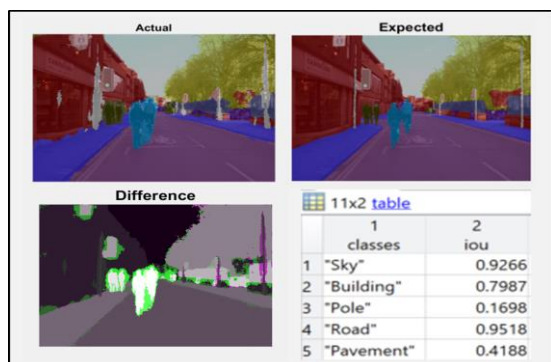
相机图像处理流程



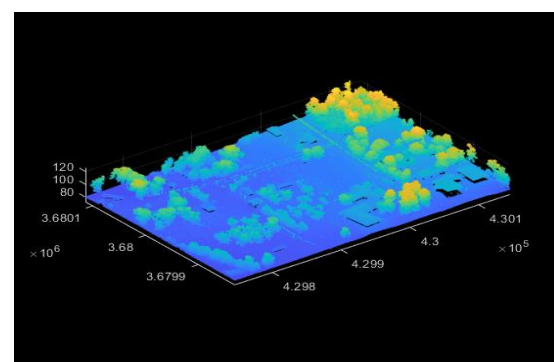
AR / VR



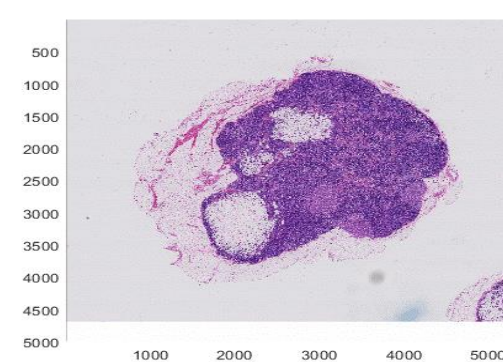
高光谱图像



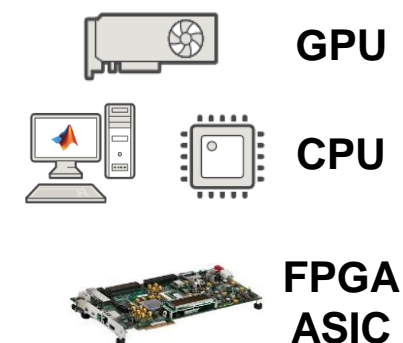
深度学习



激光雷达图像处理

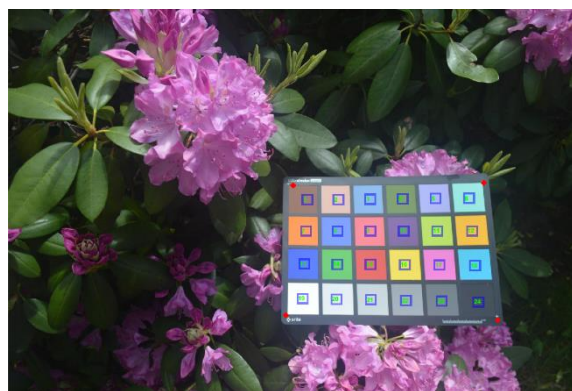


超大幅图像



代码生成

MATLAB图像处理和计算机视觉



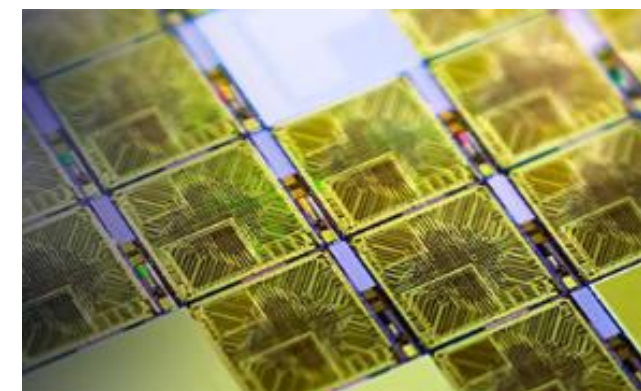
相机图像处理

Patch 5 $\Delta E = 13.0$	Patch 6 $\Delta E = 13.1$	Patch 7 $\Delta E = 9.2$	Patch 8 $\Delta E = 5.1$
Patch 9 $\Delta E = 22.8$	Patch 10 $\Delta E = 22.8$	Patch 11 $\Delta E = 9.5$	Patch 12 $\Delta E = 5.4$
Patch 13 $\Delta E = 16.0$	Patch 14 $\Delta E = 11.7$	Patch 15 $\Delta E = 10.9$	Patch 16 $\Delta E = 10.3$

图像质量评估



深度学习



算法部署

- RAW 到 RGB 转换
- 图像增强
- 色彩空间变换
- HDR图像处理
- 从低分辨率图像创建高分辨率图像

- 测试图
- 色彩精度
- 图像质量指标

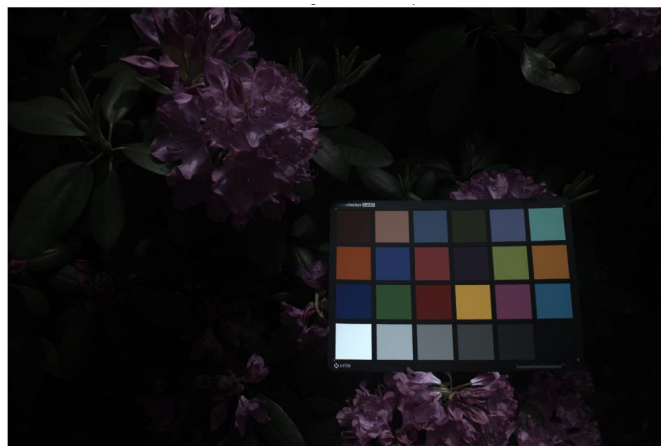
- RAW 到 RGB 转换
- RAW低光照度图像恢复
- 去噪

- 算法到C/C++代码
- 算法到HDL代码
- 部署到CPU/FPGA

例子 : RAW 转 RGB 相机 workflow



线性CFA图



线性色彩空间渲染图



sRGB色彩空间渲染图

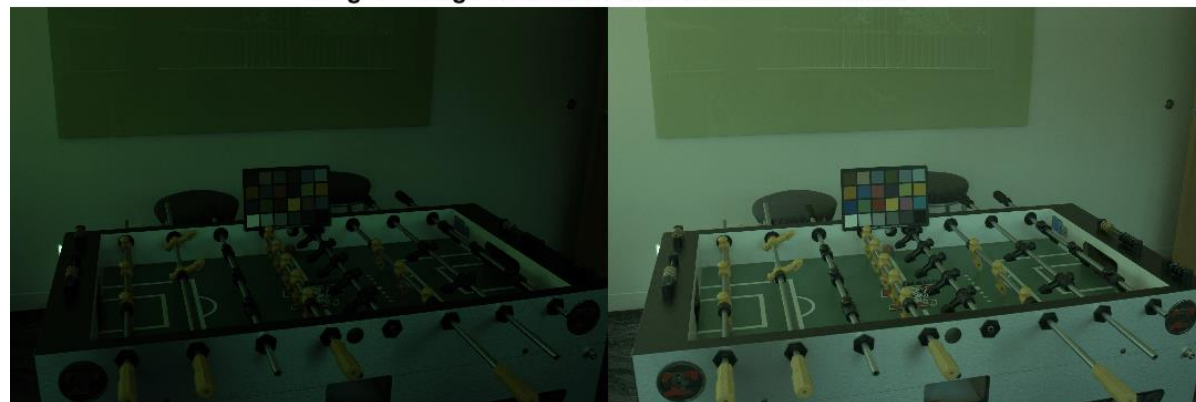
Functions	
<i>rawinfo</i>	Read information about color filter array (CFA) images in RAW files
<i>rawread</i>	Read CFA images from RAW files
<i>demosaic</i>	Convert Bayer pattern encoded image to truecolor image
<i>lin2rgb</i>	Apply gamma correction to convert linear sRGB to sRGB color space
<i>raw2planar</i>	Separate a Bayer-patterned CFA image into individual, sensor-element
<i>planar2raw</i>	Combine planar sensor images into a full Bayer-pattern CFA image
<i>raw2rgb</i>	Convert a RAW file into an RGB file in one step

白平衡

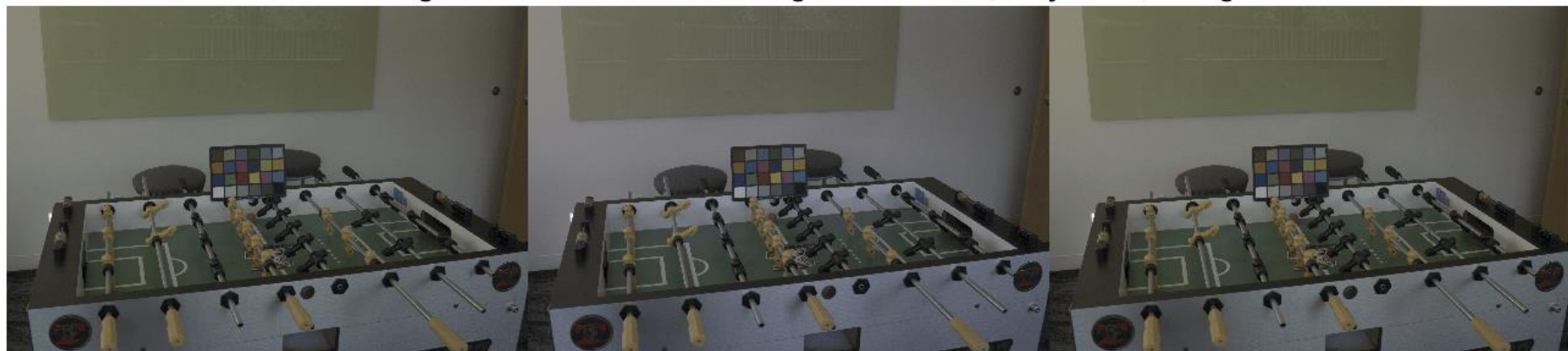
自动白平衡算法的两个步骤:

- 步骤 1: 光源估计
- 步骤 2: 色彩平衡校正

Original Image Before and After Gamma Correction



Montage of Best White-Balanced Images: White Point, Gray World, Cheng



Algorithms to estimate scene illuminant

<i>illumwhite</i>	Estimate illuminant using White Patch Retinex algorithm
<i>illumgray</i>	Estimate illuminant using gray world algorithm
<i>illumpca</i>	Estimate illuminant using principal component analysis (PCA)

低光照度图像增强

Function

imlocalbrighten Brighten low-light images



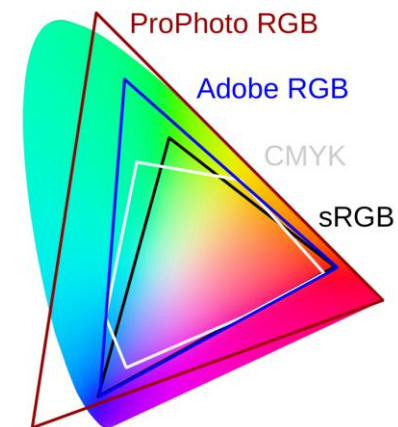
色彩空间转换

支持多色彩域

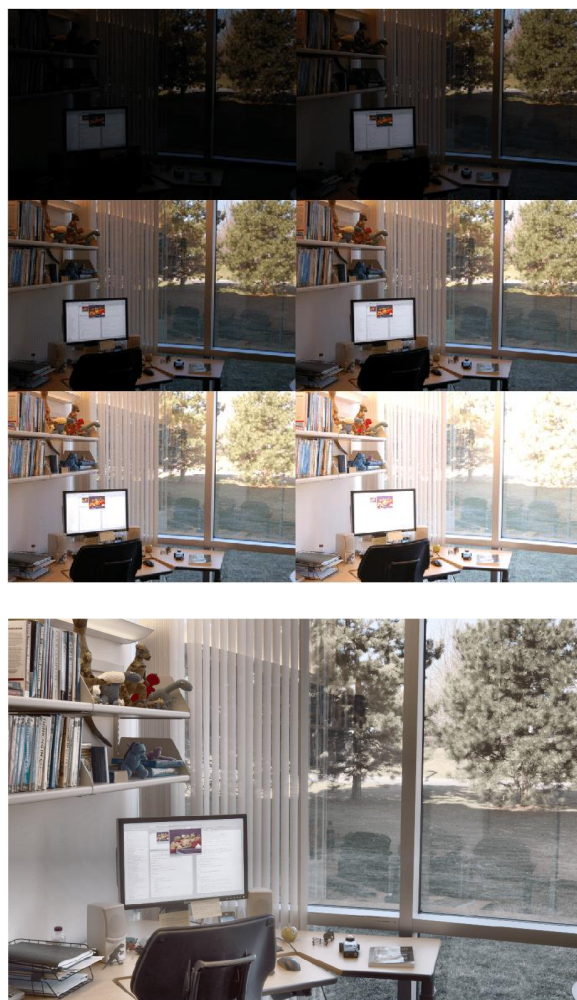
- BT.2020 (Ultra High Definition, UHD)
- BT.2100 (High Dynamic Range, HDR)
- ProPhoto (ROMM RGB) Color Space



Function	
<code>rgbwide2ycbcr</code>	Convert wide-gamut RGB color values to YCbCr color values
<code>ycbcr2rgbwide</code>	Convert YCbCr color values to wide-gamut RGB color values
<code>xyz2rgbwide</code>	Convert CIE 1931 XYZ color values to wide-gamut RGB color values
<code>rgbwide2xyz</code>	Convert wide-gamut RGB color values to CIE 1931 XYZ color values



高动态范围(HDR)图像



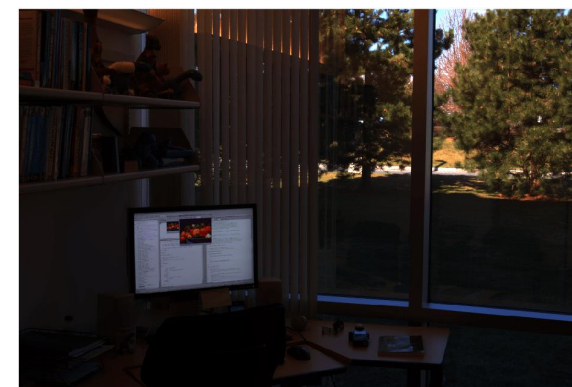
makehdr

从多个低动态范围(LDR)图像创建高
动态范围(HDR)图像



tonemap

HDR 转 LDR图像



支持 EXR 和 HDR 文件格式

从低分辨率图像创建高分辨率图像

Set of Low-Resolution Burst Mode Images



burstinterpolant

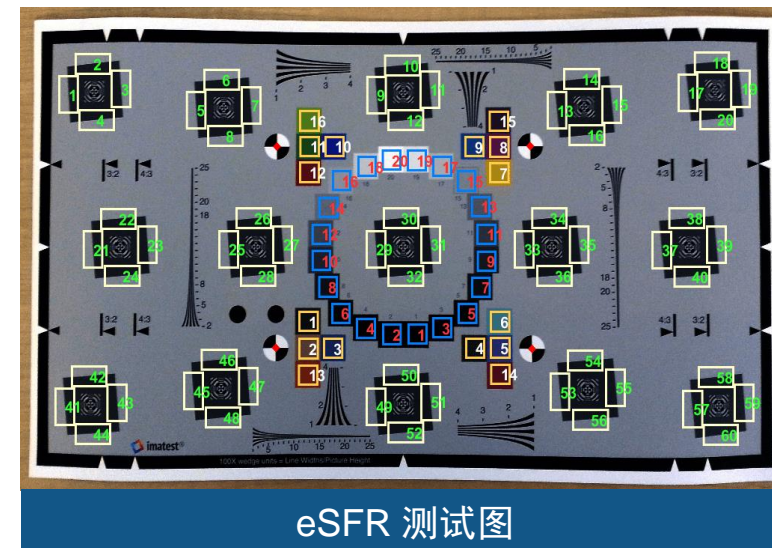
High-Resolution Image



图像质量：支持测试图

- Imatest: eSFR测试图(ISO 12233)的扩展、增强、楔形扩展和楔形增强版本的检测和分析
- X-Rite® (Gretag Macbeth®) ColorChecker® 测试图

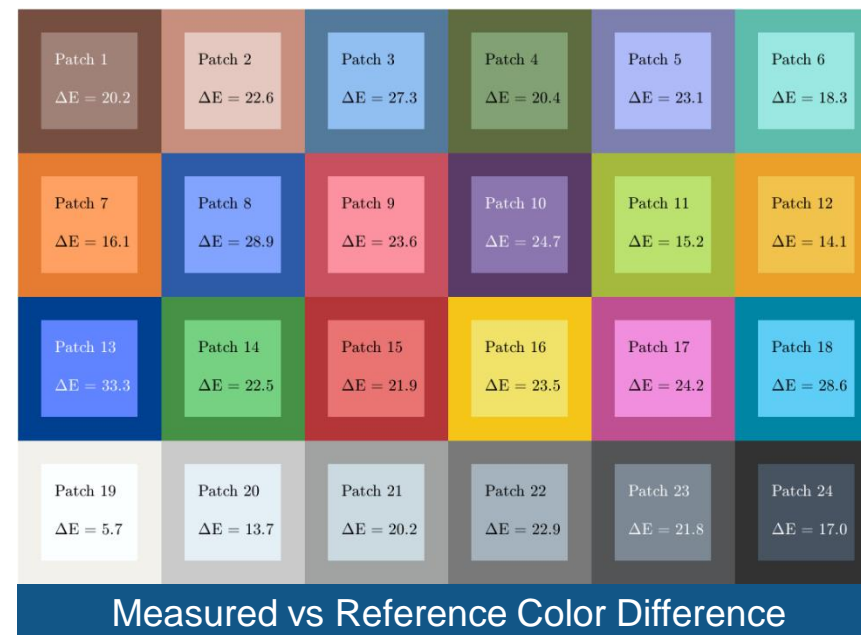
Function	
<i>measureIlluminant</i>	Measure scene illuminant of test chart
<i>colorChecker</i>	Identifies the color patch ROI in test chart
<i>displayChart</i>	Display test chart with ROI
<i>measureColor</i>	Measure colors in test chart
<i>displayColorPatch</i>	Display measured and reference color as color patches
<i>plotChromaticity</i>	



图像质量：比较测量

- 测试图的色彩梯度测量
- RGB / L*a*b 色彩空间里色彩差异比较

Function	
<i>deltaE</i>	Color difference based on CIE76 standard
<i>imcolordiff</i>	Color difference based on CIE94/CIE2000 standard



图像质量指标

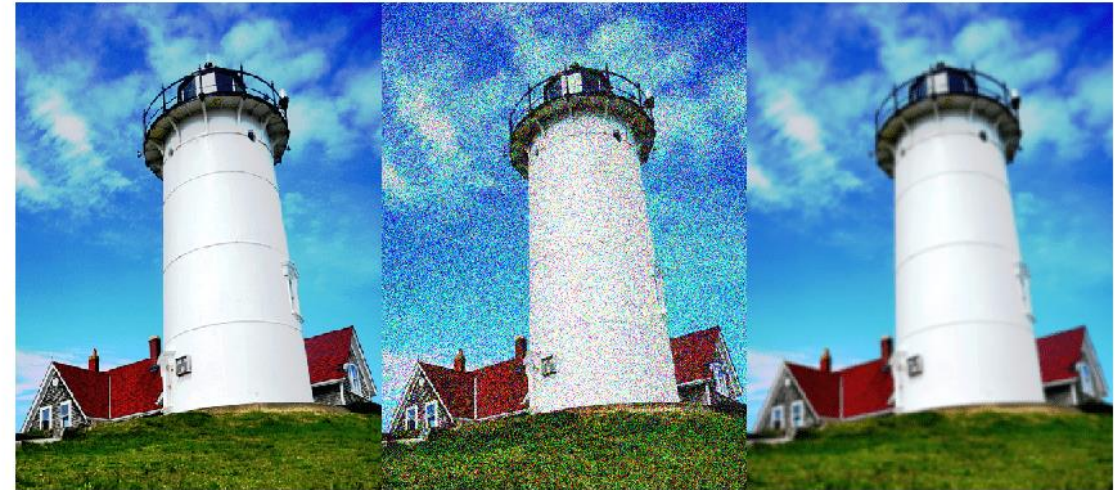
Reference-Based Techniques Function

<i>immse</i>	Mean squared error
<i>psnr</i>	Peak signal-to-noise
<i>ssim</i>	Structural similarity metric
<i>multissim</i>	MS-SSIM index for image quality
<i>multissim3</i>	MS-SSIM index for volume quality

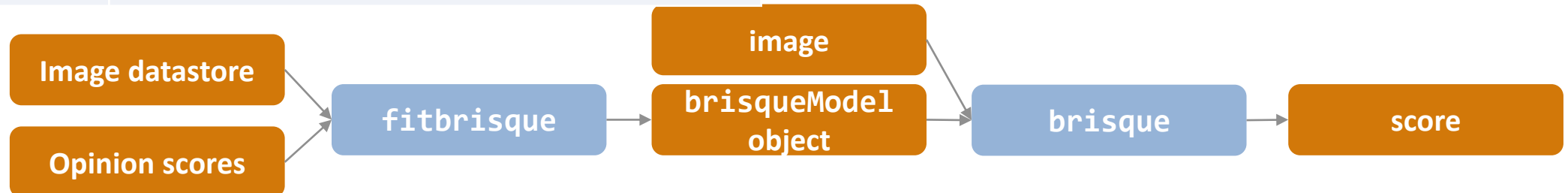
No-Reference Techniques Function

<i>nique</i>	Naturalness Image Quality Evaluator
<i>brisque</i>	Blind Reference-less Image Spatial Quality Evaluator
<i>piqe</i>	Perception-based Image Quality Evaluator
<i>nima</i>	Analyze the aesthetic quality of images

Original Image: PIQE score = 24.8481 | Noisy Image: PIQE score = 72.3643 | Blurred Image: PIQE score = 85.7362



PIQE No-Reference Techniques



用NIMA卷积神经网络评估图像质量

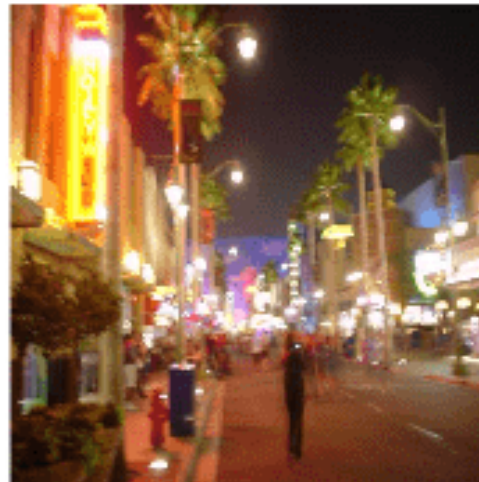
Image 780.JPG
Mean Score: 92.432
Std Dev: 12.038



Image 278.bmp
Mean Score: 28.1042
Std Dev: 16.6824



Image 772.JPG
Mean Score: 12.7964
Std Dev: 13.7164

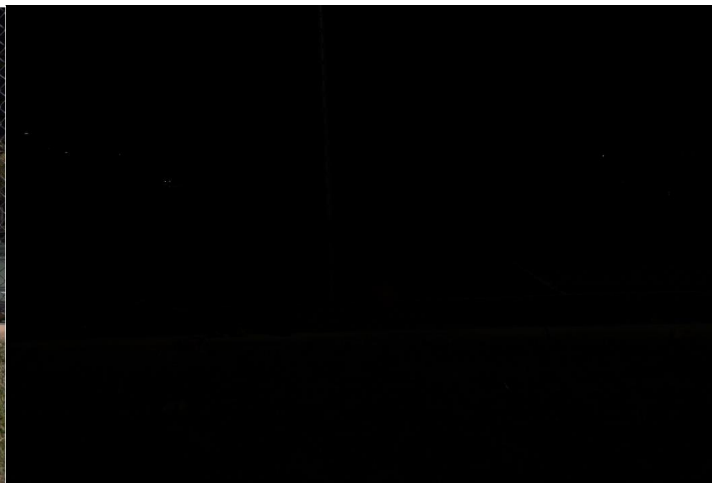


用深度学习恢复低光照度图像

- 用深度学习网络恢复低光照度下的短曝光RAW图像
- 预训练的U-Net网络用于低光照度图像恢复



低光照长曝光

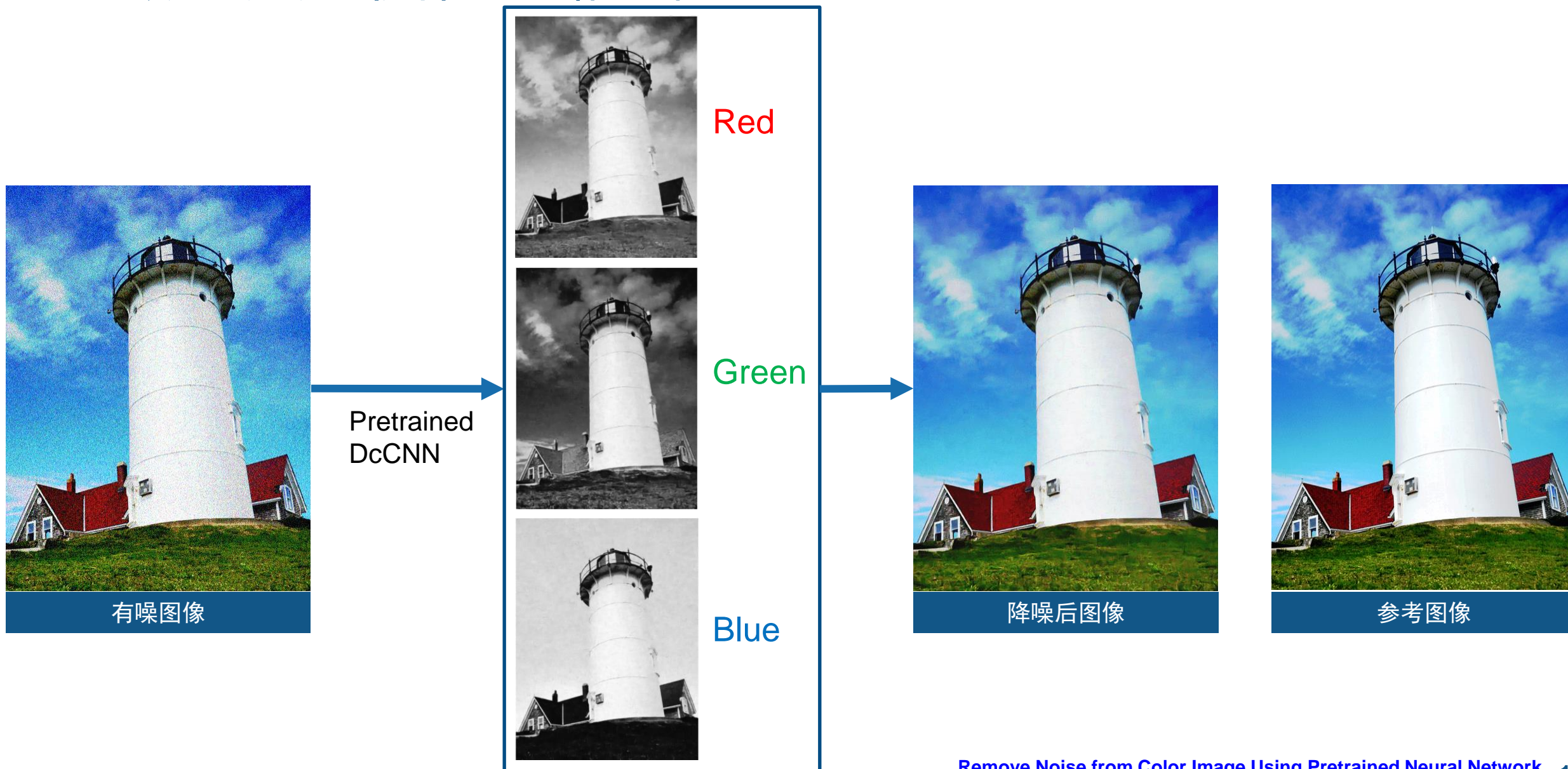


低光照图短曝光



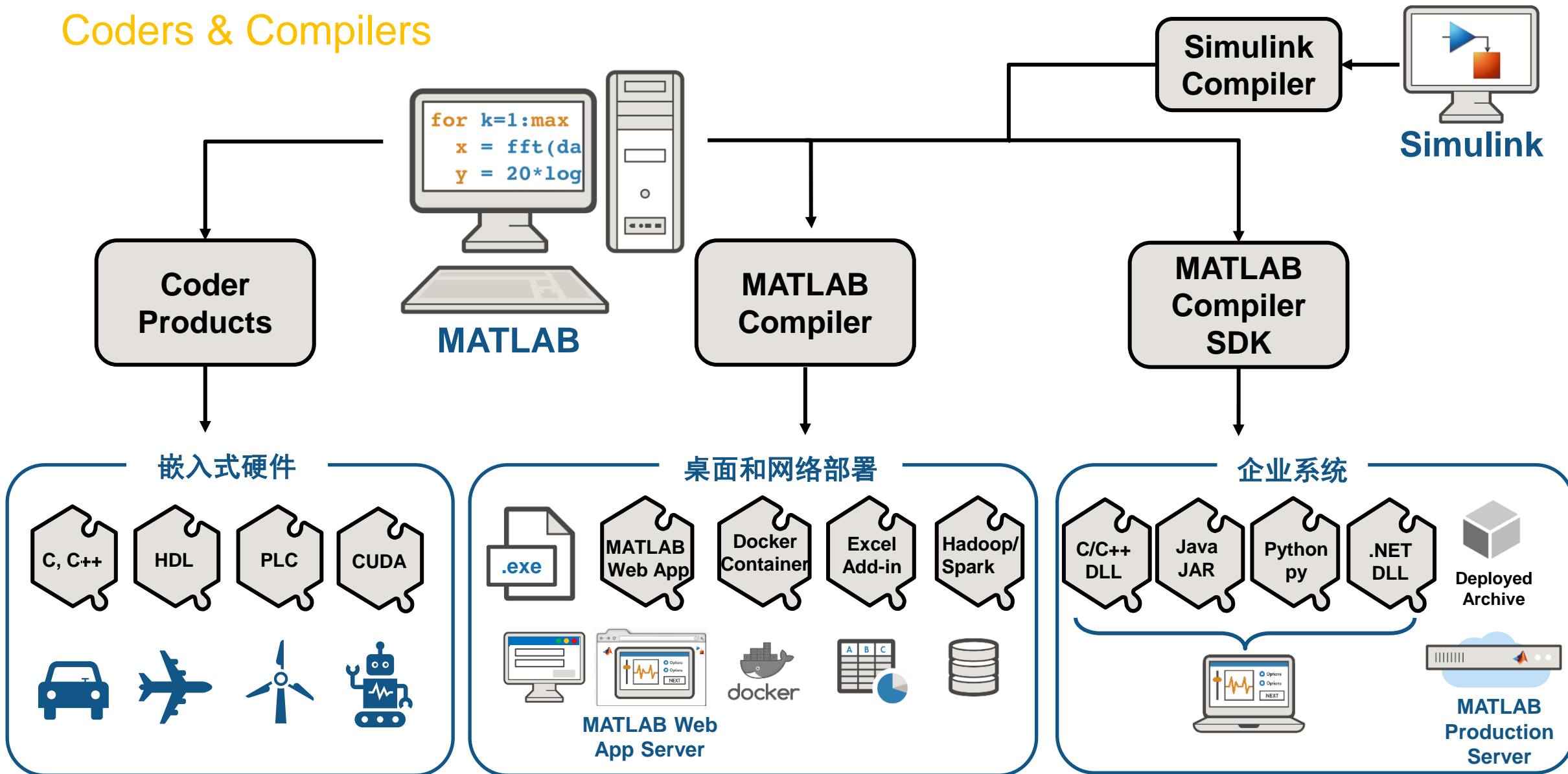
用深度学习网络恢复的低光照度短曝光图像

用预训练的卷积神经网络降噪

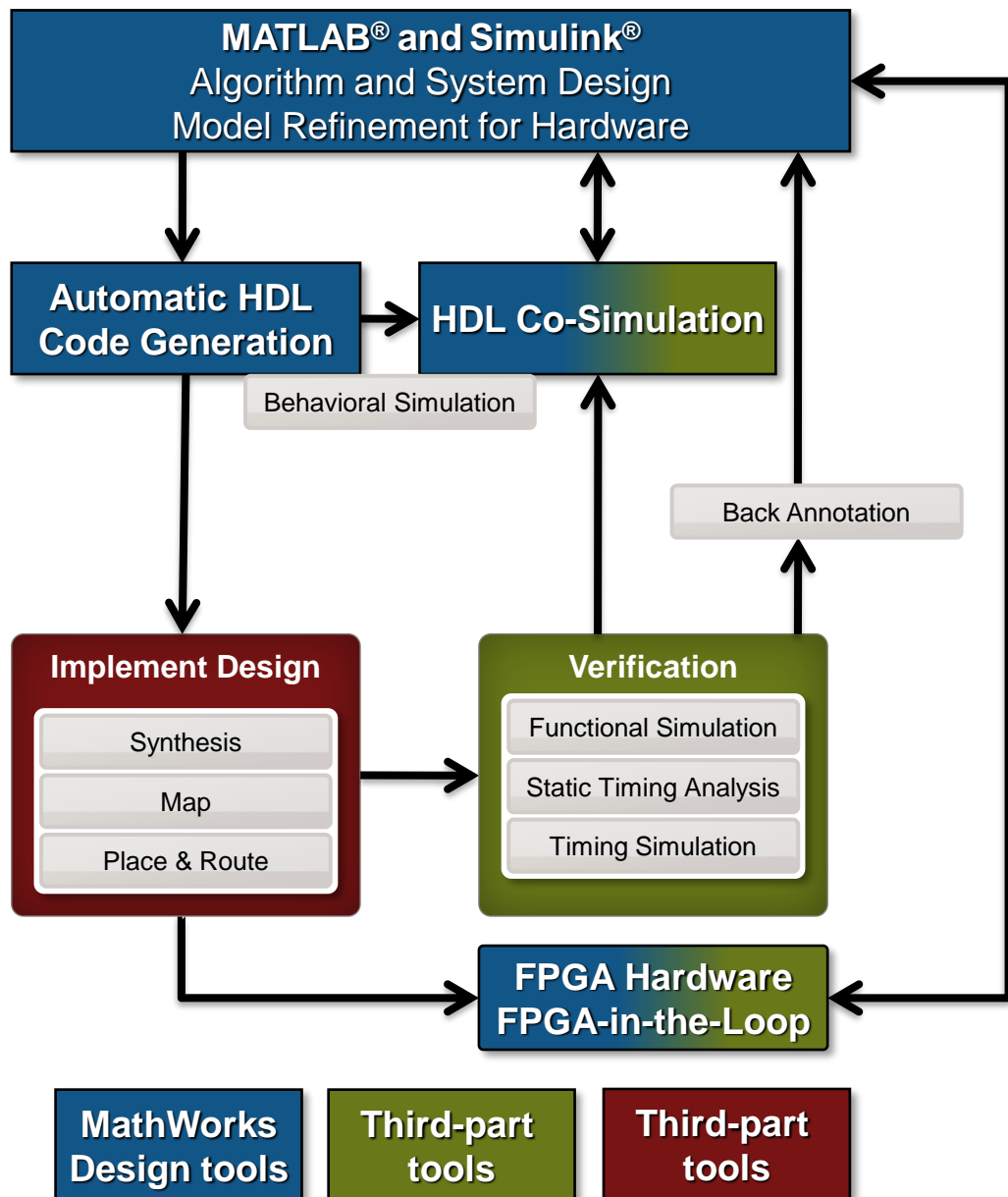


代码生成和部署

Coders & Compilers



基于模型的FPGA设计流程



自动代码生成

- 自动定点化
- 与目标器件无关的 HDL 代码
 - VHDL-1993 (IEEE® 1076-1993) or later
 - Verilog-2001 (IEEE 1364-2001) or later

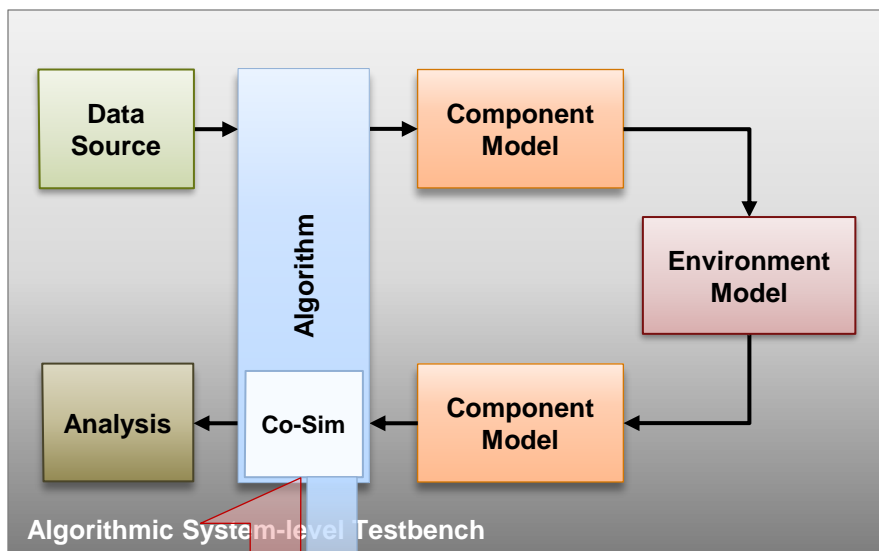
验证

- 自动生成HDL test-bench
- 与HDL 仿真器联合仿真

设计自动化

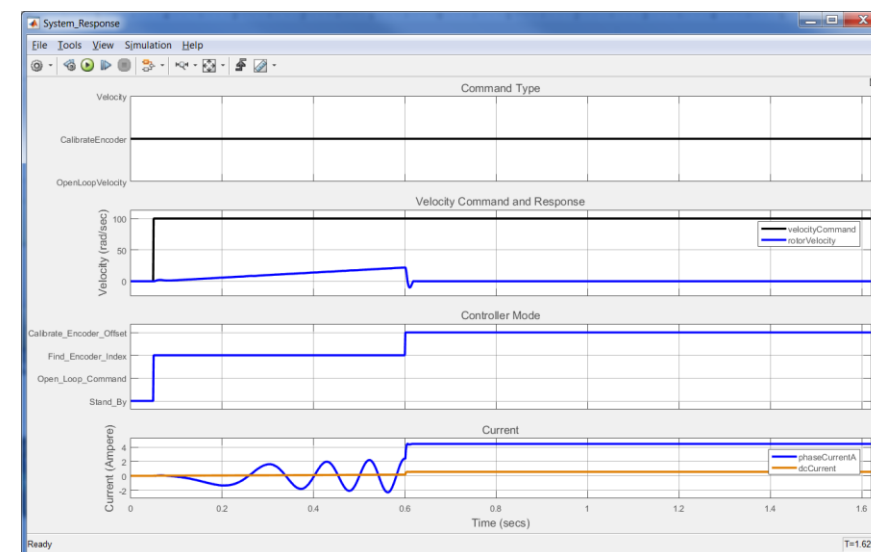
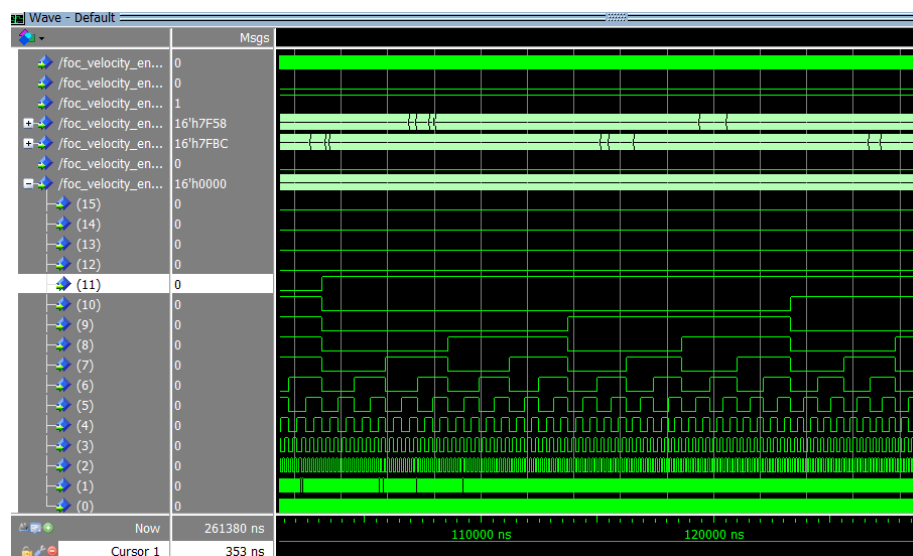
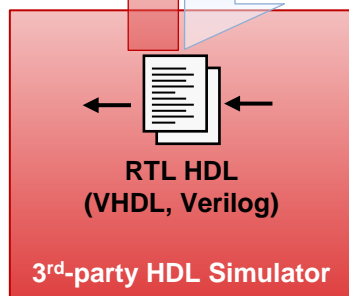
- 集成Xilinx、Altera综合工具接口
- 面积、速度优化
- Xilinx、Altera器件编程下载

Co-simulation 用于 HDL 代码验证



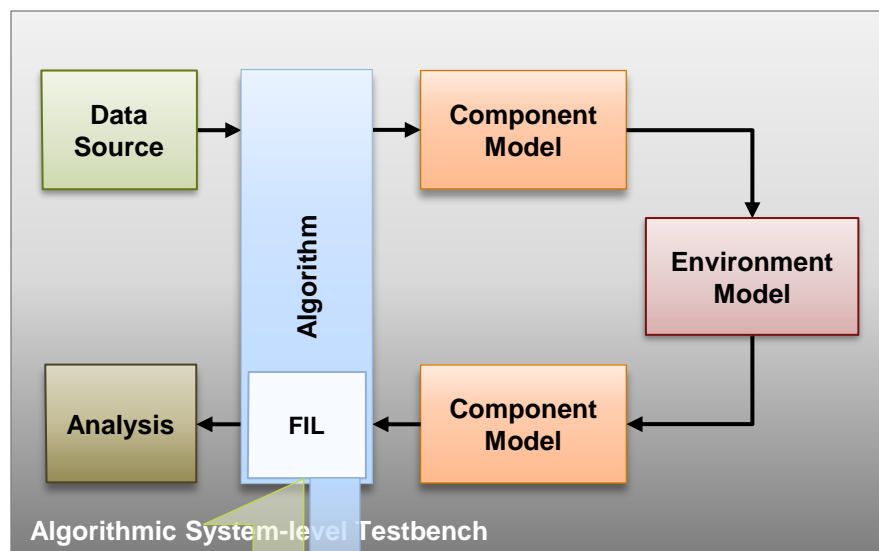
■ 第三方HDL仿真器联合仿真:

- 复用ML/SL testbench
- HDL 代码在3rd-party HDL仿真器里运行
- 可集成手写代码/生成代码
- 在MATLAB 和 HDL仿真器里分析



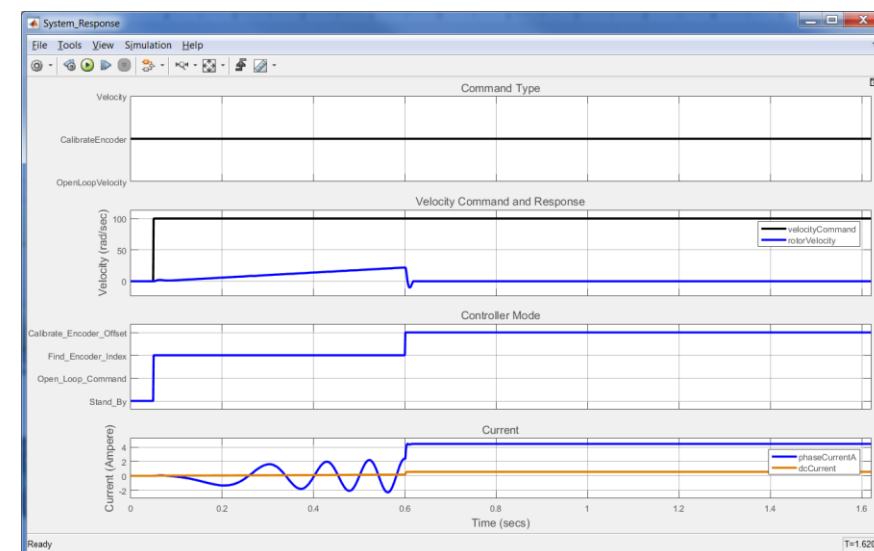
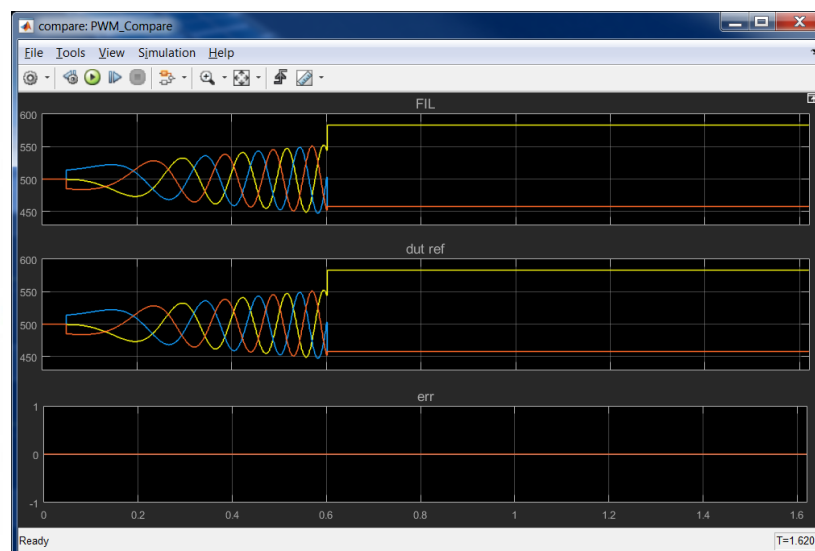
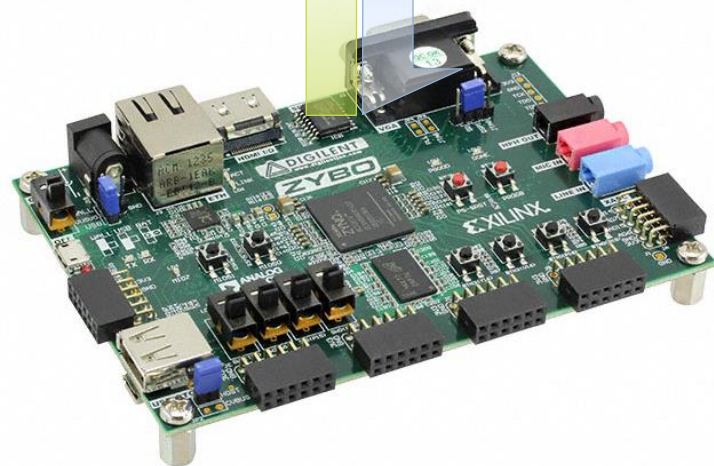
* Mentor Graphics® ModelSim® or Questa®
Cadence® Incisive®

FPGA-in-the-Loop 验证

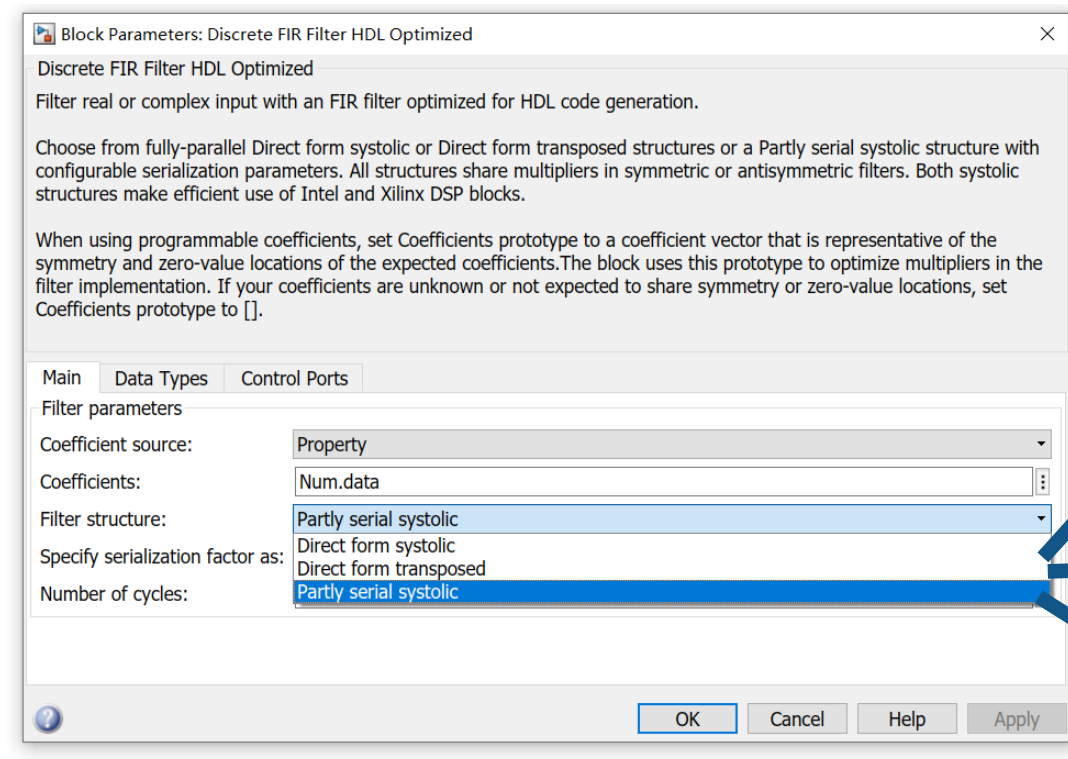


■ 用开发板进行FIL验证:

- 复用ML/SL testbench
- HDL 代码在FPGA里运行
- 可集成手写代码/生成代码
- 自动插入协调仿真组件 (Ethernet, JTAG, PCIe)



资源优化：结构选择



Resource	
----Direct Form Systolic	
LUT	136
REG	352
DSPs	7
BRAM	0
URAM	0
Slack	1.9
Data Path Delay	3.085

Resource	
----Direct Form transposed	
LUT	13
REG	152
DSPs	13
BRAM	0
URAM	0
Slack	2.039
Data Path Delay	2.926

Resource	
----Partly Serial systolic	
LUT	258
REG	754
DSPs	1
BRAM	0
URAM	0
Slack	1.918
Data Path Delay	2.842

资源优化：复用

HDL Properties: SymmetricHB_DSPs

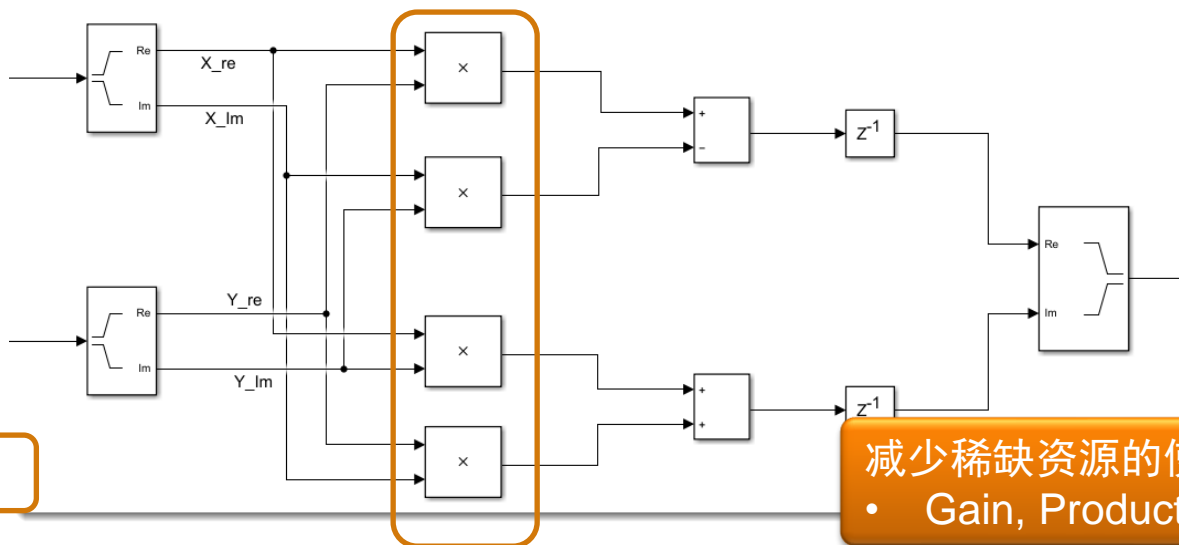
General Target Specification

Implementation Architecture: Module

Implementation Parameters

- AdaptivePipelining: inherit
- BalanceDelays: inherit
- ClockRatePipelining: inherit
- ConstrainedOutputPipeline: 0
- DistributedPipelining: off
- DSPStyle: none
- FlattenHierarchy: inherit
- InputPipeline: 0
- OutputPipeline: 0
- SharingFactor: 4**
- StreamingFactor: 0

OK Cancel Help Apply

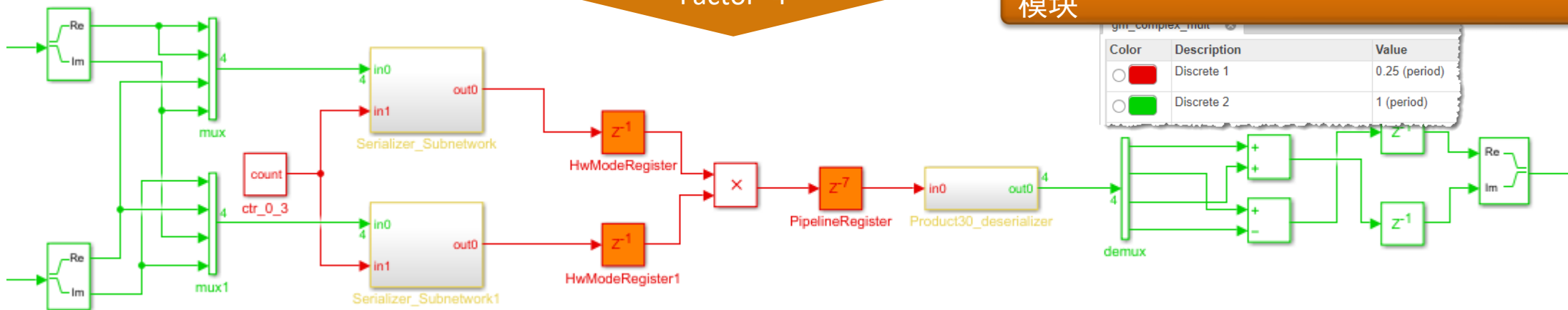


减少稀缺资源的使用，如乘法器

- Gain, Product, Multiply-Add

Resource Sharing Factor=4

提升复用块采样率，自动插入分时复用转换模块



时序优化：时钟流水线和自适应流水线

Tool and Device

Synthesis Tool: Xilinx Vivado

Family: Virtex7

Package: ffg1761

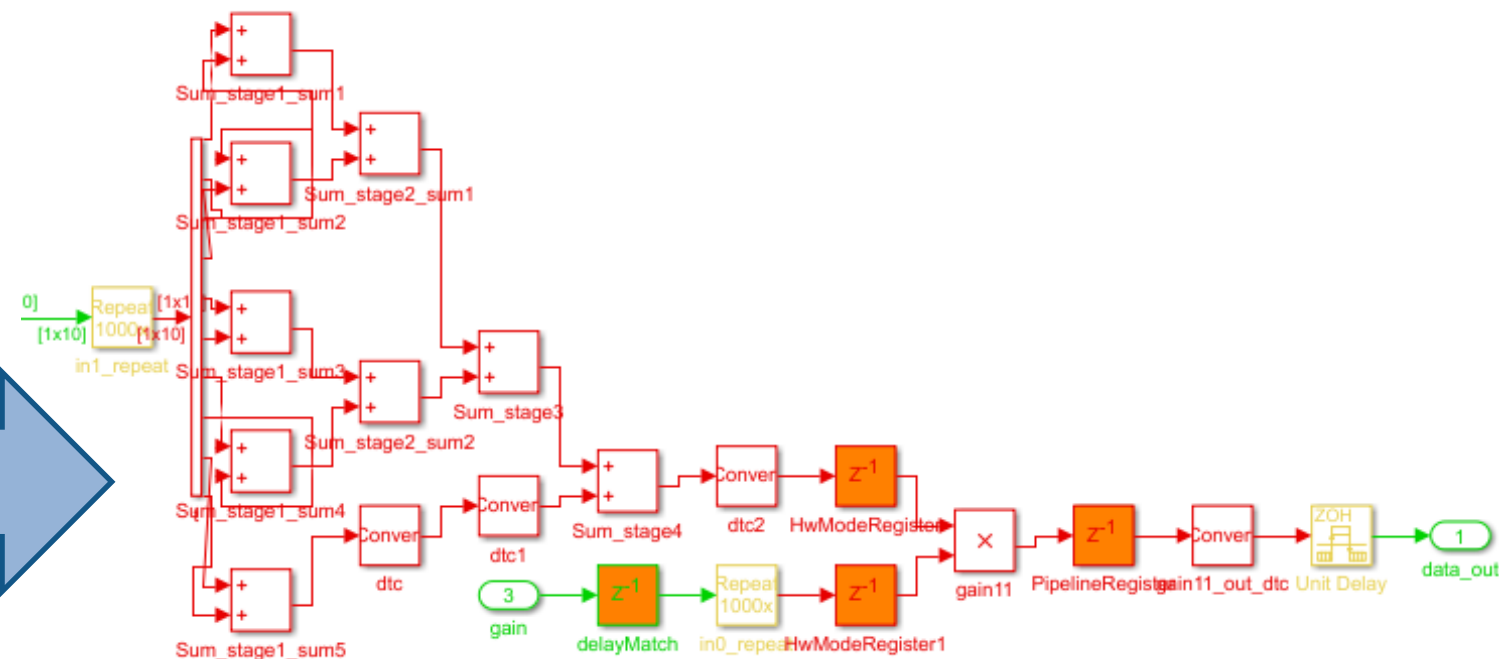
Objectives Settings

Target Frequency (MHz) 100

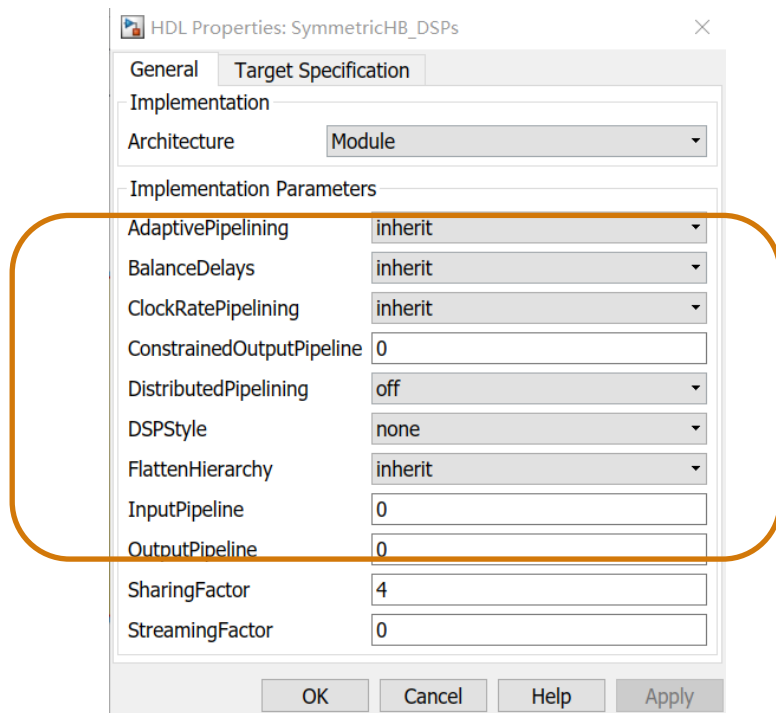
Optimizations

General Pipelining Resource sharing

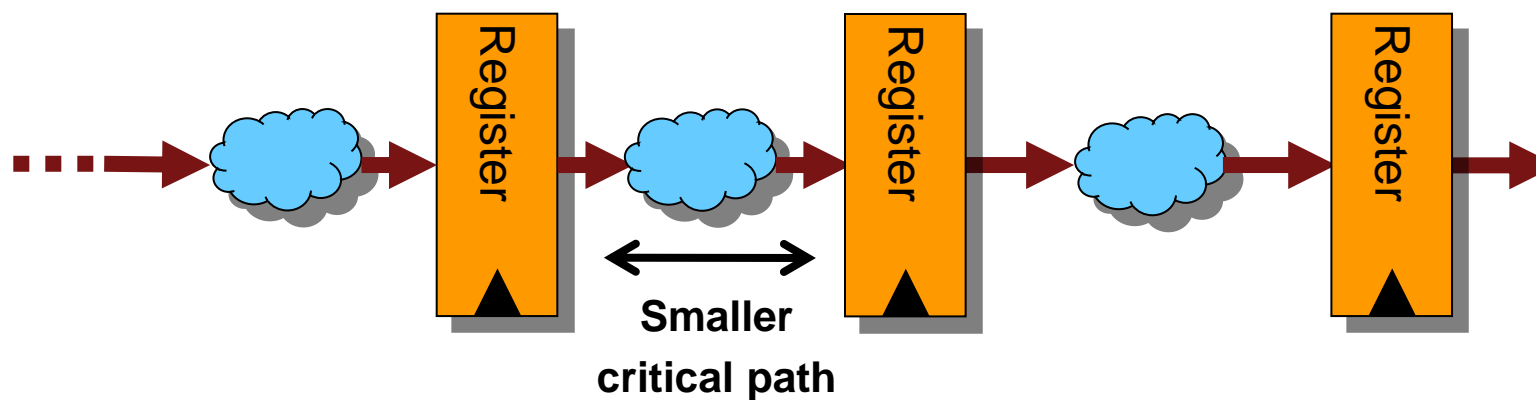
- Hierarchical distributed pipelining
- Clock-rate pipelining
- Allow clock-rate pipelining of DUT output ports
- Preserve design delays
- Adaptive pipelining



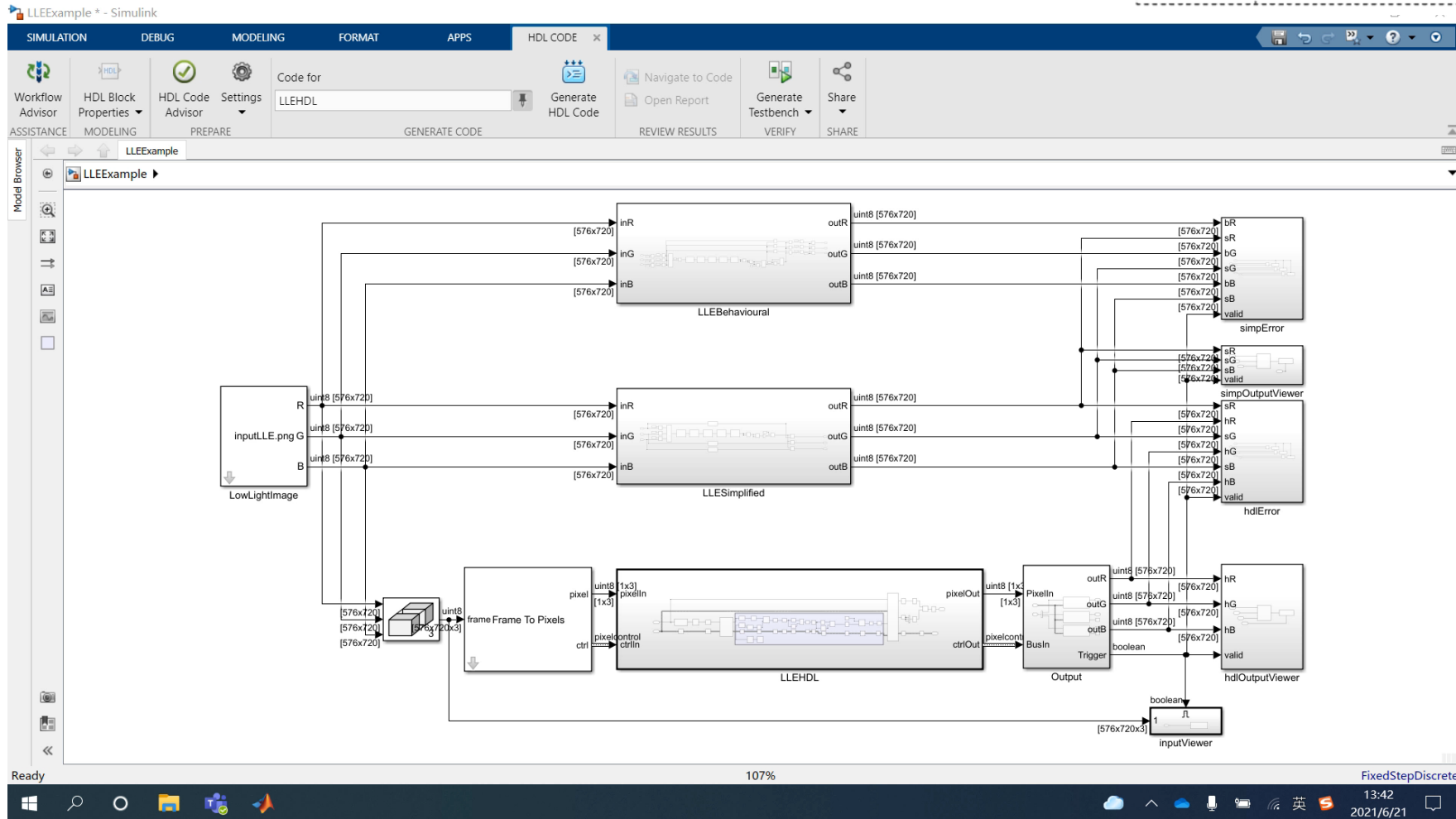
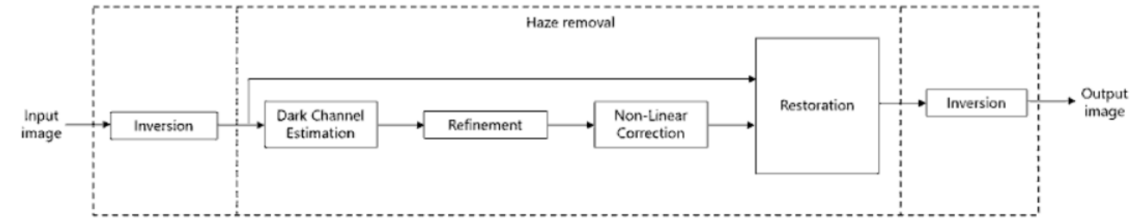
时序优化：自动/半自动流水线



- ✓ 自动/半自动流水线
- ✓ 满足时序目标



HDL代码生成: LLE



HDL代码生成：LLE

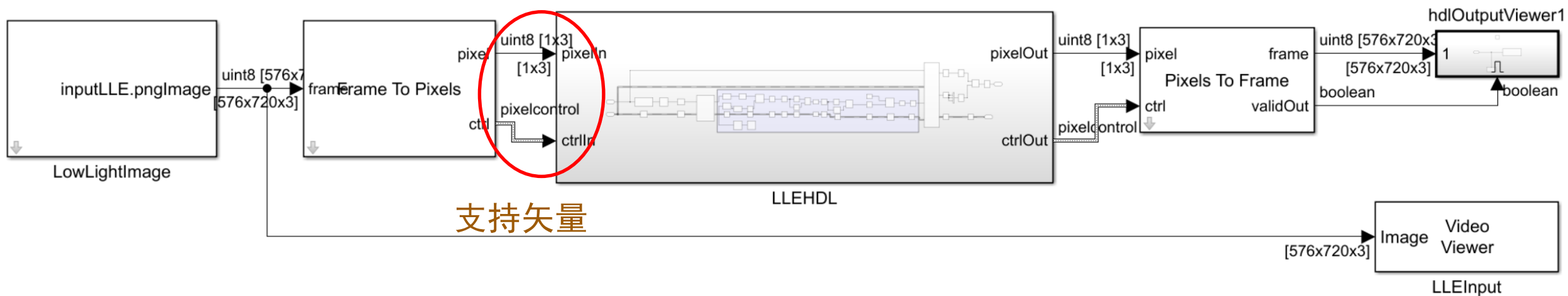
读取图像

帧 - 流转换

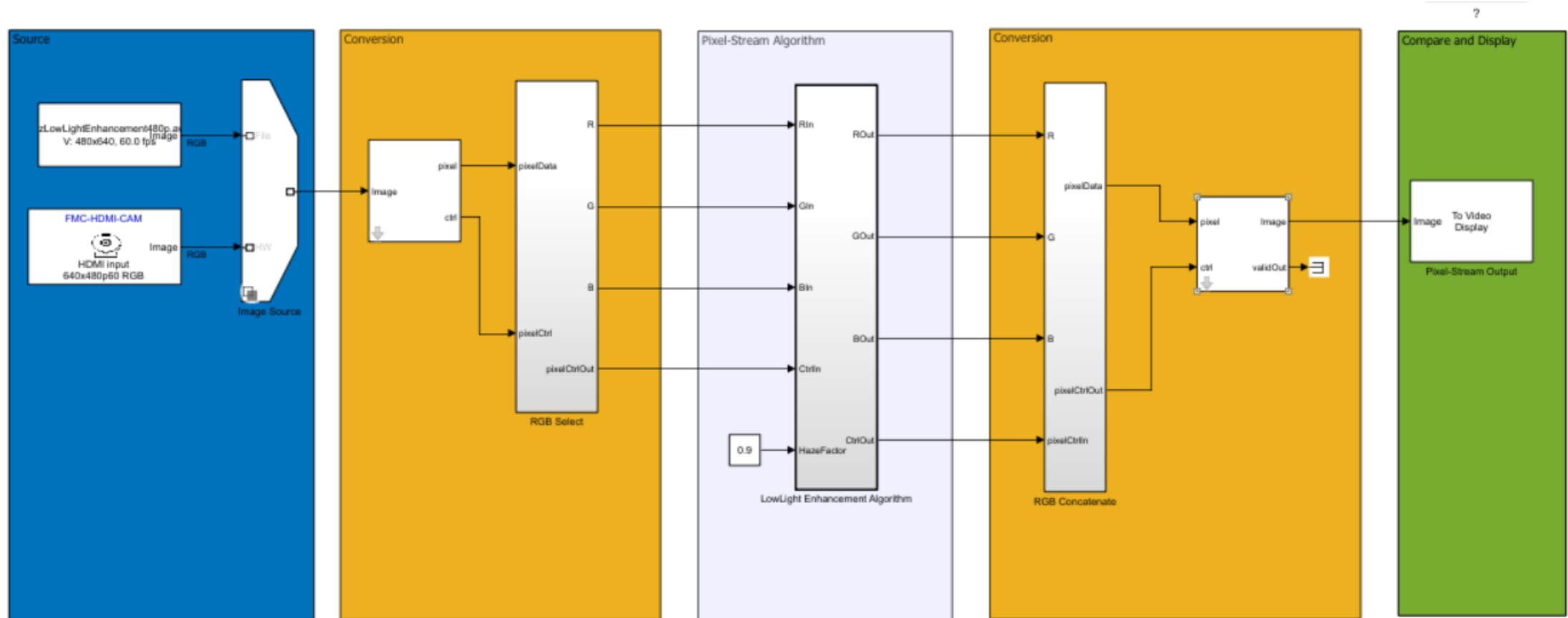
HDL系统

流 - 帧转换

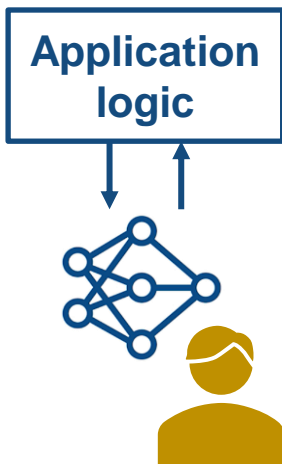
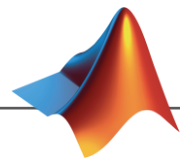
显示



HDL代码生成：LLE 与 FPGA在环验证



从深度学习网络到HDL/C



```

%% Create Target Object
hTarget = dlhdl.Target('Xilinx','Interface','Ethernet','IPAddress','10.10.10.15');

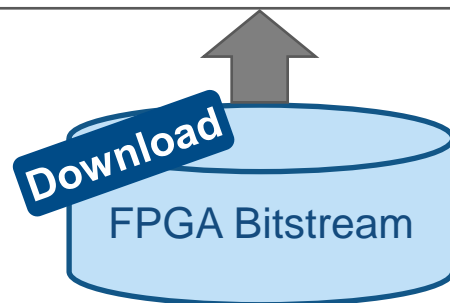
%% Create WorkFlow Object
hW = dlhdl.Workflow('network', snet, 'Bitstream', 'zcu102_single','Target',hTarget);

%% Compile the Lanenet series Network
dn = hW.compile;

%% Program Bitstream onto FPGA and Download Network Weights
hW.deploy;

%% Run prediction for one frame
outputs = hW.predict(inputImg);

```



Hardware support package
Deep learning processor with I/O and external memory interfaces

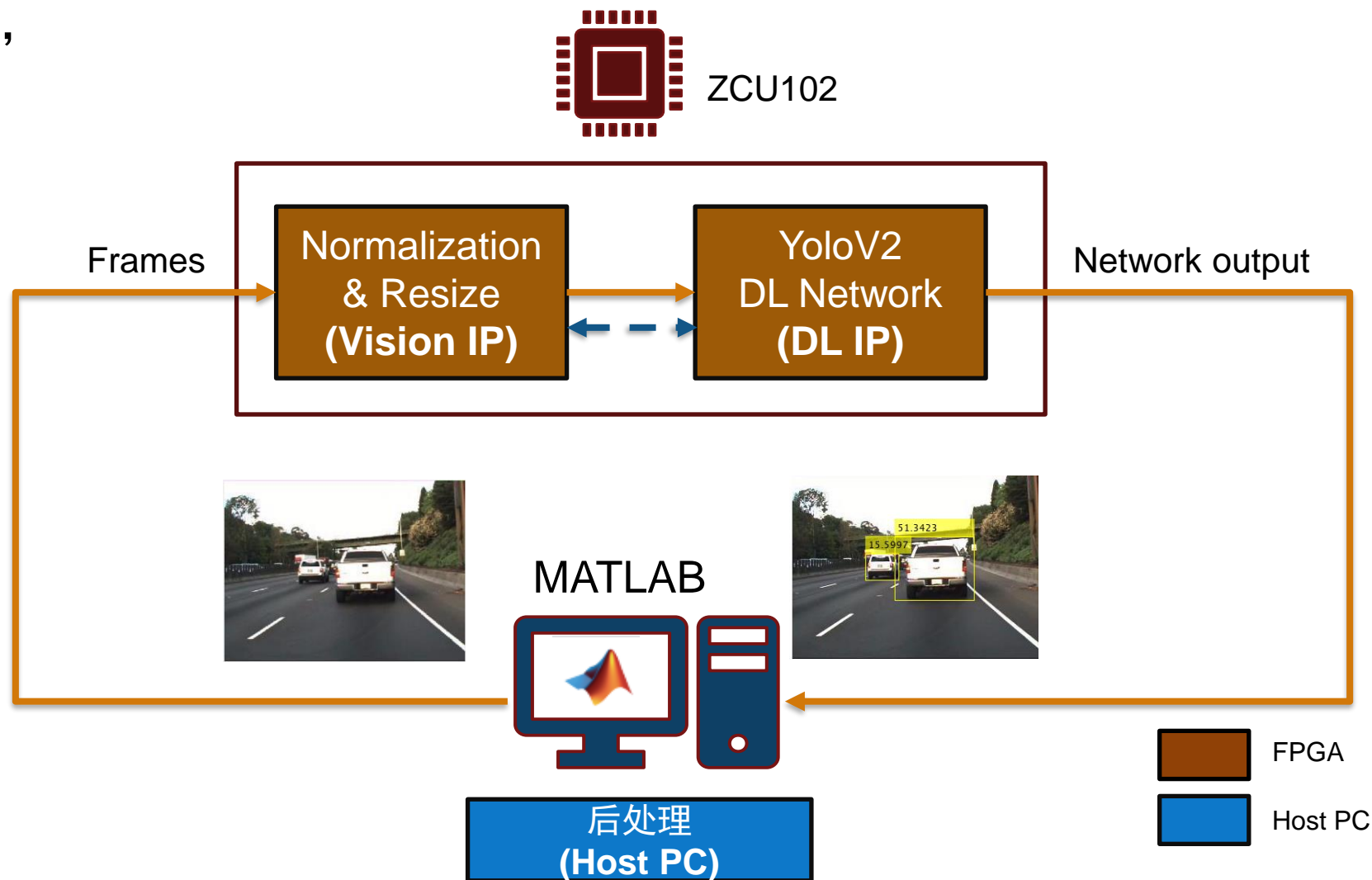
Layer control instructions

Weights & Activations



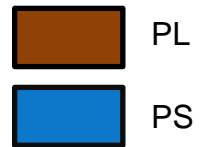
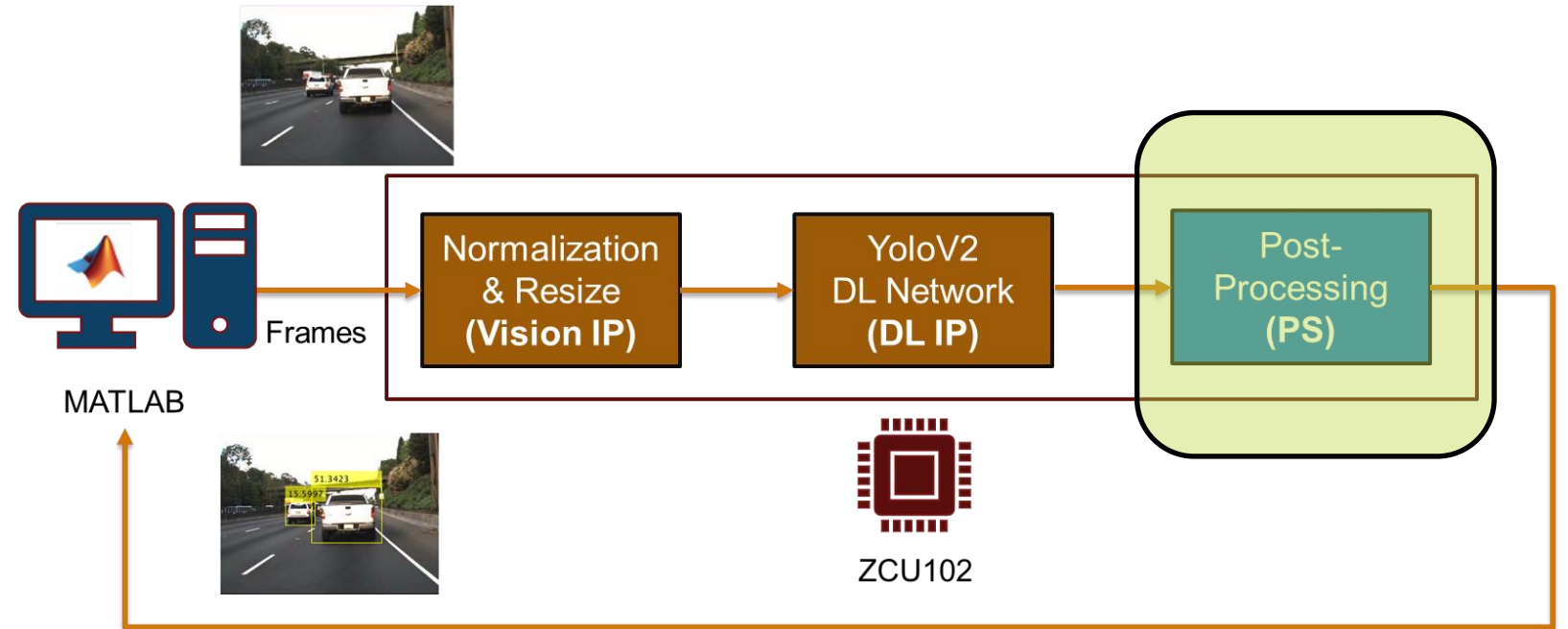
YOLOv2 目标检测：MATLAB在环验证

- DL 网络用于视觉处理应用，的仿真示例
- 基于YOLO v2 目标检测



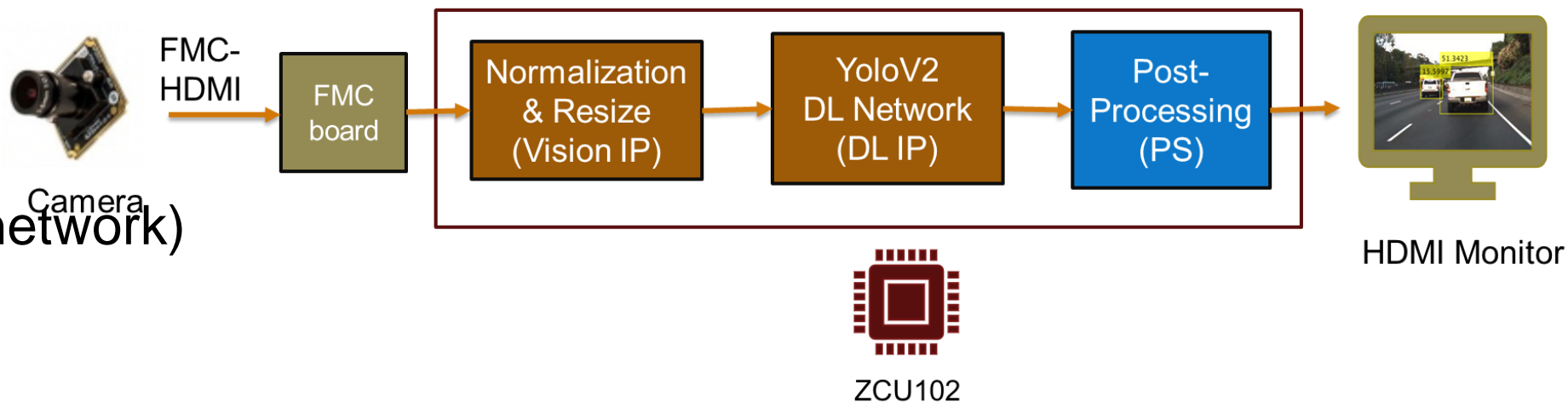
YOLOv2 目标检测：SoC验证

- 在PL上的前处理及PS上的后处理
- 可以仿真PL/PS握手



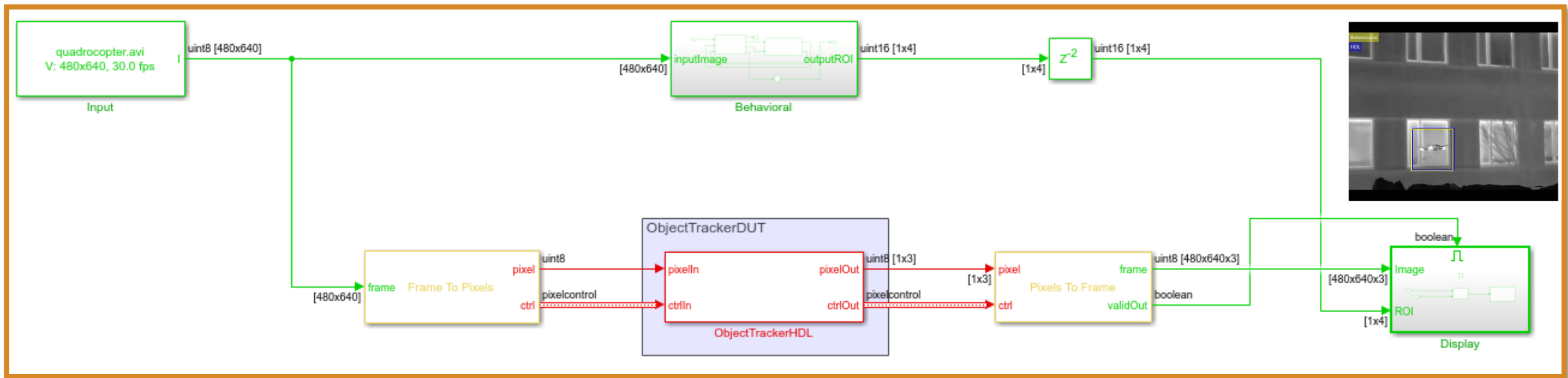
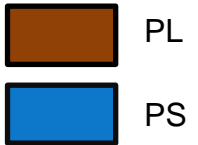
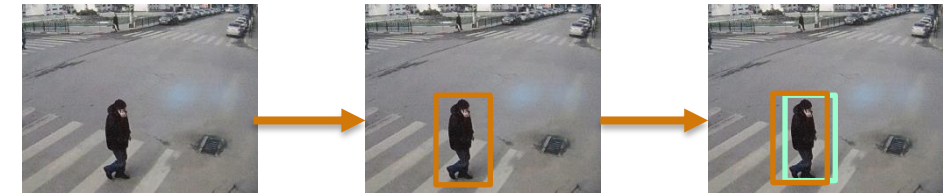
YOLOv2 目标检测：Camera实时图像流

- 添加对相机实时图像的支持
- 支持1080p 输入
- 23fps (32 layer network)



高速目标检测和跟踪：2D-FFT

- 可配置参数高达：1080p@120 fps
- 模板匹配
- 检测：2D-FFT
- 跟踪：Kalman



LG 电子使用快速原型 workflows 开发智能前照灯

挑战

为下一代智能前照灯开发视频处理和控制算法

解决方案

将基于模型的设计与 MATLAB、Simulink 和 HDL Coder 结合使用，以建立原型 workflow，用于对基于 FPGA 的视频处理设计进行建模、仿真和实现

结果

- 在原型硬件上快速实现了需求
- 缩短了编码和验证时间
- 提高了代码一致性和可重用性



LG 电子使用 MATLAB、Simulink 和 HDL Coder 开发下一代智能前照灯。

“MATLAB 和 Simulink 将开发阶段所需的时间减少了一半。这些工具支持自定义函数设计，从而使我们能够轻松响应 OEM 客户的需求。”

- Jiyoung Jeong, LG 电子

MATLAB EXPO

谢谢



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